

# TC 124 Workshop

## Data Security in Wearable Devices

PWI 124-12

**Sanjeev Singh**

**TC 124, WG4**

University of Delhi, India

# Background and Rationale

---

- Device Diversity: Smartwatches, fitness bracelets, data glasses, connected shoes, smart clothes, gloves and many more.....the list is growing rapidly
- Wearables are booming.
- The demand is huge and so is the selection.
- These devices promise more motivation,
- A better overview of performance.
- Large amount of Data such as:
  - heart rate, daily steps, calories burned, location, route data are recorded.....

*That's a lot of sensitive information. This is precisely why this proposal for data security for wearables is being discussed here*

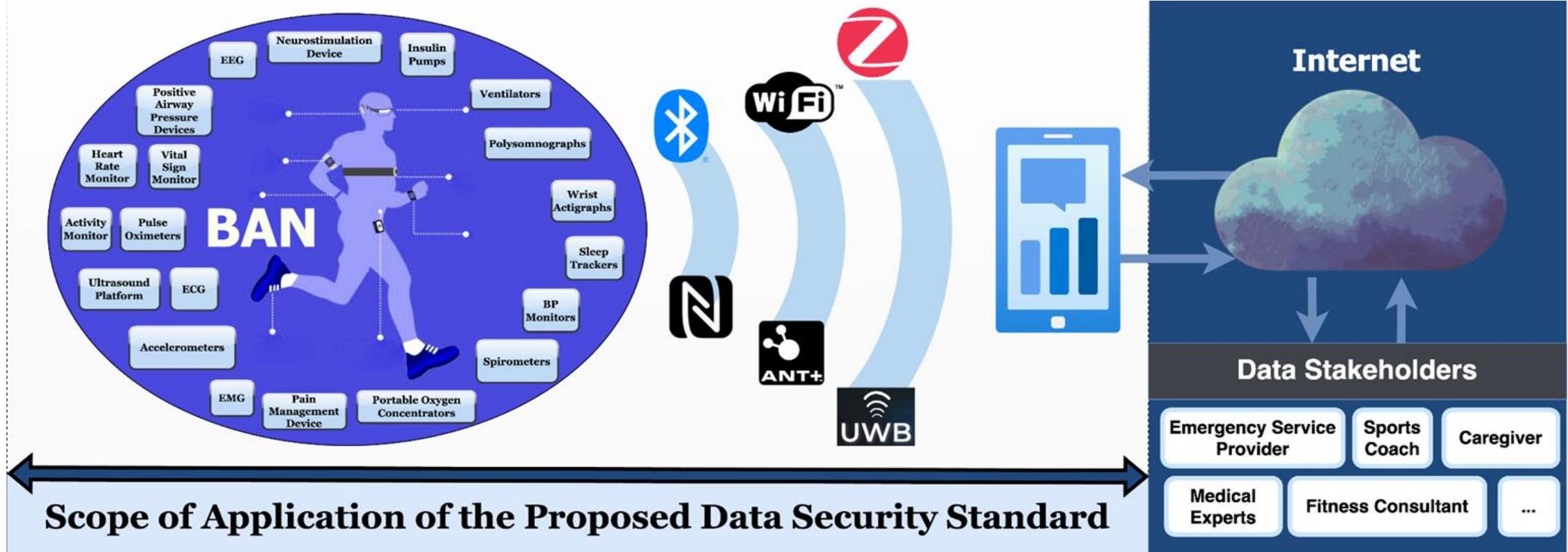
# Why do we need this standard?

---

Wearable devices, including smartwatches, fitness trackers, Shoes, sensors, and many more have become ubiquitous in modern life. These devices collect a vast array of personal and sensitive data, necessitating robust security measures to protect user privacy and ensure data integrity.

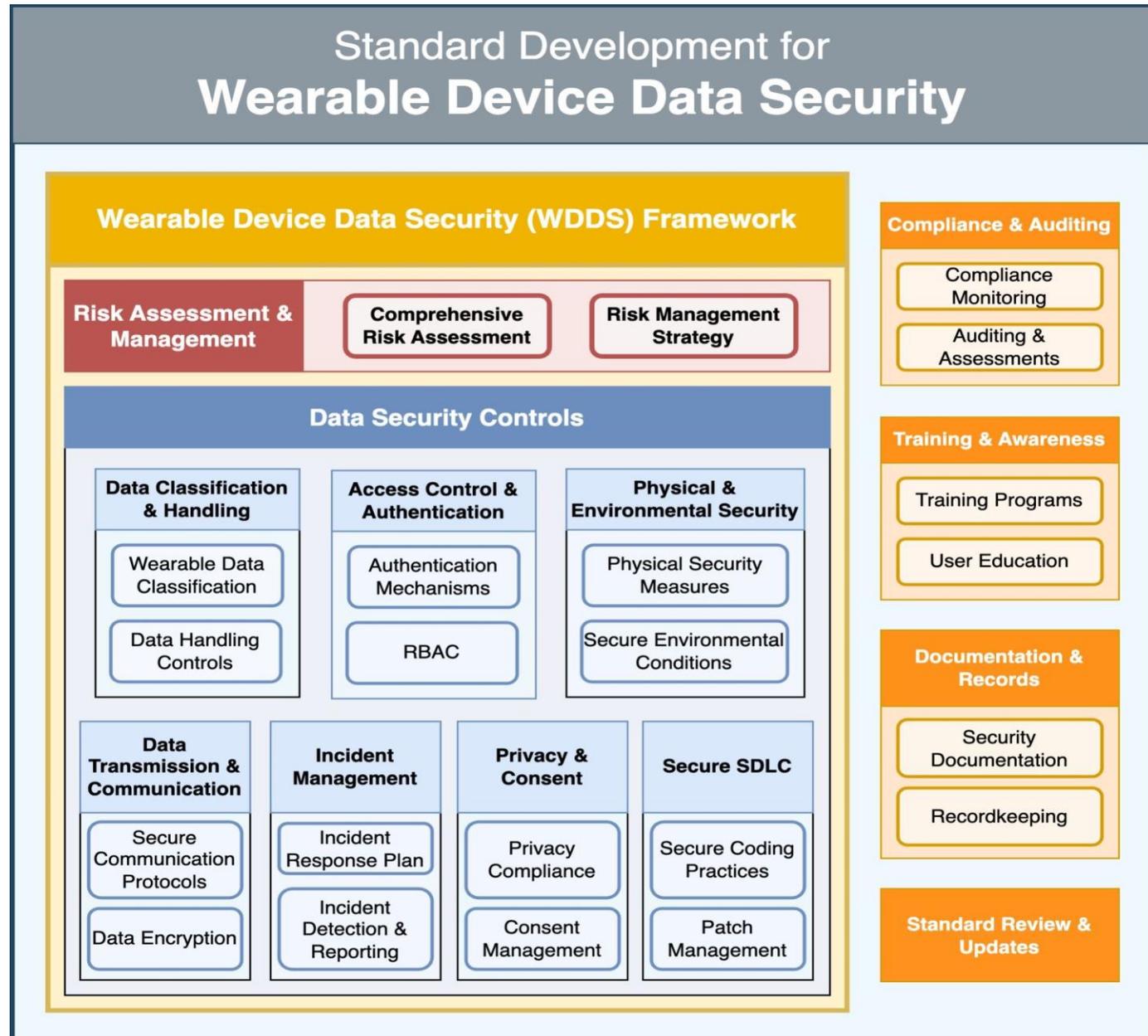


# PWI 124-12 : Data Security in Wearables Devices



# Scope

## Key Areas to be Covered



# Need of Data Security in Wearables

---

## Applicability

- Types of Wearable Devices
- Types of Networks for these devices
  - Risk Assessment and Management
  - Classification and Handling
  - Access Control
  - Data Encryption
  - Data Transmission and Communication
  - Incident Management
  - Privacy and Consent
  - Interoperability
  - Secure Development Life Cycle
  - Monitoring and Auditing

# PWI 124-12: Data Security in Wearable Devices – Test Methods

---

To ensure the effectiveness of the data security standard for wearable devices, a comprehensive set of test methods is necessary. These methods will validate the security measures implemented across various aspects of wearable devices, from data encryption to incident management.

**General Testing Guidelines:** Set up a controlled environment that simulates real-world usage scenarios for the wearable devices.

**Testing Tools:** Utilize industry-standard tools and software for security testing.

**Documentation:** Maintain detailed documentation of test procedures, results, and any issues identified.

Data Encryption Testing

Data at Rest

Data in Transit

# PWI 124-12: Data Security in Wearable Devices – Test Methods

---

- **Access Control Testing**
- **Authorization Procedures**
- **User Access Management**
- **Device Access Control**
- **Data Handling and Minimization Testing**
- **Data Minimization**
- **Secure Data Handling**
- **Incident Management Testing**
- **Incident Response Plan**
- **Reporting and Notification Procedures**
- **Recovery and Remediation**

# PWI 124-12: Data Security in Wearable Devices – Test Methods

---

- **Privacy and Consent Testing**
- **Data Consent Mechanisms**
- **Anonymization and Pseudonymization**
- **User Control over Data**
- **Interoperability Testing**
- **Compatibility Testing**

# References

---

1. ISO/IEC 27001 Standaíd –infoíamtion secuítý management systems
2. ISO/IEC 27002:2022,” ISO, <https://www.iso.oíg/standaíd/75652.html>
3. “ISO 27799:2016,” ISO, <https://www.iso.oíg/standaíd/62777.html>
4. “ISO/IEC 27018:2019,” ISO, <https://www.iso.oíg/standaíd/76559.html>
5. “ISO/IEC TR 30125:2016,” ISO, <https://www.iso.oíg/standaíd/53245.html>
6. “IEC 80001-1:2021,” ISO, <https://www.iso.oíg/standaíd/72026.html>
7. “Cybeísecuítý frámewoík,” NIST, <https://www.nist.gov/cybeííamewoík>
8. “HIPAA,” HHS.gov, <https://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/index.html>
9. “GDPR - Official Legal Text,” Geneíal Data Píotection Regulation (GDPR)
10. “HITRUST CSF: Infoíamtion Risk Management,” HITRUST Alliance.
11. “ISO/IEC 27040:2015,” ISO, <https://www.iso.oíg/standaíd/44404.html>